

## MAGNETIC DRIVE <u>PUMPS</u>

## MPP 251 - MPP 302

### **Operating principle**

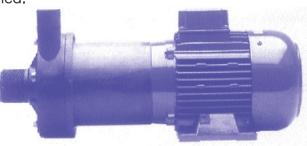
The distinctive feature of magnetic drive pump is the absence of a connection between motor and pump.

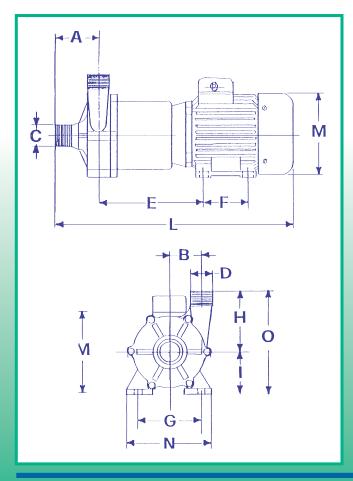
The rotation of the impeller is obtained by the magnetic force between two magnets: one is coupled to the motor, the other drives the impeller. This construction guaranties the highest reliability and avoids any leackage, so maintenance interventions are reduced and simplified.

#### The materials used are:

- Polypropylene and PVDF for plastic components.
- Ceramics (Al2 O3 99,7%) for shaft and thrust ring.
- Rulon for bearings
- EPDM or Viton for the O-ring.





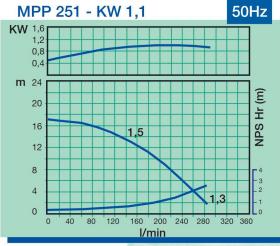


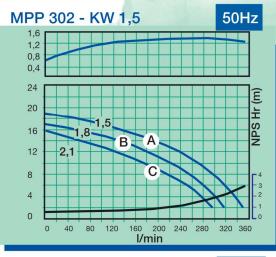
MODEL	MPP 251	MPP 302
Α	89	89
В	58,5	58,5
С	2"	2"
D	<b>1</b> <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "	<b>1</b> 1/4"
Е	186	202
F	100	100
G	125	140
Н	131	131
1	80	90
L	462*	493*
M	156*	176*
N	155*	184*
0	211	221
KW	1,10	1,50
PHASES	3	3
Rpm	2800/3450	2800/3450
KG	15,8	18

<sup>\*</sup> It changes according to the assembled motor

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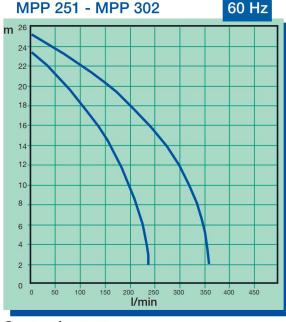
## MAGNETIC DRIVE PUMPS

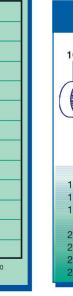


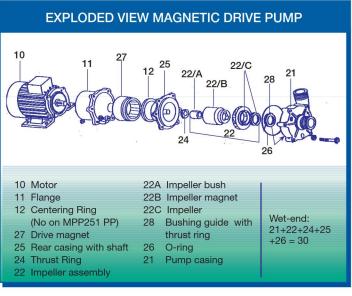


#### **DIRECTIVES:**

- The pump should never run dry.
- Dirty liquids and crystals reduce the life of the bearings.
- The ambient temperature should be between 0 and 40 °C.
- Flame proof motors should be used in explosive atmospheres.
- The liquid should not crystallize in the pump.
- The maximum temperature of the pumped liquid should be: 70 °C (for PP) 95 °C (for PVDF)
- The pump is self priming.







Curve references: water at ambient temperature

